

Printing date 09.03.2023

Version number 12.0 (replaces version 11.0)

Revision: 09.03.2023

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

- · 1.1 Product identifier
- · Trade name: Acetic acid glacial, for analysis, ExpertQ®, ACS, ISO, packed in HDPE bottles
- · Article number: AC0353
- · CAS Number:

64-19-7

· EC number:

200-580-7

· Index number:

607-002-00-6

- · 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
- Process category

PROC8a Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities PROC9 Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent

- Application of the substance / the preparation: Laboratory reagent
- 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- · Manufacturer/Supplier:

Scharlab, S.L.

C/Gato Pérez, 33. Pol.Ind. Mas d'en Cisa

08181 Sentmenat (Barcelona) SPAIN

Tel: (+34) 93 745 64 00 - FAX: (+34) 93 715 27 65

email: scharlab@scharlab.com

Internet Web Site: www.scharlab.com

Regional representation:

Scharlab, S.L.

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08181 Sentmenat (Barcelona) SPAIN

Tel: (+34) 93 745 64 00 - FAX: (+34) 93 715 27 65

email: scharlab@scharlab.com Internet Web Site: www.scharlab.com

- · Further information obtainable from: technical department
- · 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

Please contact the regional Scharlab distributor/dealer in your country During normal opening times: Scharlab, S.L. (+34) 93 715 18 11

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.



Skin Corr. 1A H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

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Safety data sheet ccording to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31 Con

according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31 Commission regulation (EU) 2020/878

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- · 2.2 Label elements
- · Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The substance is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.

· Hazard pictograms





GHS02 GHS05

- · Signal word Danger
- · Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

· Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water [or shower].

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use CO2, powder or water spray to extinguish.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/

international regulations.

- · 2.3 Other hazards
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- PBT: Not applicable.vPvB: Not applicable.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

- · 3.1 Substances
- · CAS No. Description

64-19-7 acetic acid

- Identification number(s)
- · EC number: 200-580-7
- · Index number: 607-002-00-6

SECTION 4: First aid measures

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- · General information:

Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

Personal protection for the First Aider.

· After inhalation:

Take affected persons into fresh air and keep quiet.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

Seek immediate medical advice.

· After skin contact:

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

Seek medical treatment.

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· After eye contact:

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.

In the event that the injured person wears contact lenses, they must be removed as long as they are not stuck to the eyes, otherwise additional damage could occur.

Seek immediate medical advice.

· After swallowing:

Drink plenty of water and provide fresh air. Call for a doctor immediately.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately.

· 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The main symptoms are described for different cases of contact: Skin, eyes, inhalation and ingestion.

• **4.3** Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Treat symptomatically.

In cases of irritation to the lungs, initial treatment with Dexamethason metered aerosol.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- · 5.1 Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents:

CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

- · For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Pressurized water jet
- · 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Under certain fire conditions, traces of other toxic gases cannot be excluded, e.g.:

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides

- · 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment:

In the work of extinction it is necessary to provide respiratory protection and full chemical protective clothing.

Cool exposed containers with water spray or mist.

· Additional information

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage system.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

· 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from ignition sources.

Ensure adequate ventilation

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

· 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Dilute with plenty of water.

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

· 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Send for recovery or disposal in suitable receptacles.

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust). Use neutralising agent.

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

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See Section 13 for disposal information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

· 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Store in cool, dry place in tightly closed receptacles.

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

Wash hands after any manipulation.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Prevent formation of aerosols.

· Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Use explosion-proof apparatus / fittings and spark-proof tools.

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Protect against electrostatic charges.

- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place.

Store only in unopened original receptacles.

- Information about storage in one common storage facility: Not required.
- · Further information about storage conditions:

Store under lock and key and with access restricted to technical experts or their assistants only. Keep container tightly sealed.

See product's label for recommended storage temperature.

· 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- · 8.1 Control parameters
- · Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

64-19-7 acetic acid

WEL Short-term value: 50 mg/m³, 20 ppm Long-term value: 25 mg/m³, 10 ppm

· DNELs

DNEL worker, acute. Local effects: Inhalative - 25 mg/m3

DNEL consumer, acute. Local effects: Inhalative - 25 mg/m3

DNEL worker, cronic. Local effects: Inhalative - 25 mg/m3

DNEL consumer, prolonged. Local effects: Inhalative - 25 mg/m3

PNECs

PNEC (Sea water): 3.06 mg/L

PNEC (Residual water depuration system): 85 mg/kg

PNEC (Seawater sediments): 11.36 mg/kg

PNEC (Soil): 0.48 mg/kg

- · Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.
- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- · Appropriate engineering controls No further data; see item 7.
- · Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment
- General protective and hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

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Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

· Respiratory protection:

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

· Hand protection



Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

· Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

· Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

Eye/face protection



Tightly sealed goggles

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

- · 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties
- · General Information

Physical stateColour:Odour:Acrid

Odour threshold:
 Melting point/freezing point:
 Not determined.
 17 °C

Boiling point or initial boiling point and
 boiling range
 Flammability
 Flammable.

· Lower and upper explosion limit

Lower: 4 Vol %
 Upper: 20 Vol %
 Flash point: 39 °C
 Ignition temperature: 485 °C

• Decomposition temperature: Not determined.

pH 2.5

· Viscosity:

Kinematic viscosity
 Dynamic at 20 °C:
 Not determined.
 1.06 mPas

Solubility

water: Fully miscible.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)
 Not determined.

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according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31 Commission regulation (EU) 2020/878

16 hPa

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Vapour pressure at 20 °C:

Density and/or relative density

1.05 g/cm³ Density at 20 °C: · Relative density Not determined. · Vapour density Not determined.

· 9.2 Other information

· Appearance:

· Form: Fluid

· Important information on protection of health and environment, and on safety.

· Auto-ignition temperature: Not determined.

· Explosive properties: Product is not explosive. However, formation of

explosive air/vapour mixtures are possible.

· Molecular weight 60.05 g/mol

Change in condition

· Evaporation rate Not determined

· Information with regard to physical hazard classes

 Explosives Void Flammable gases Void Aerosols Void Oxidising gases Void · Gases under pressure Void

Flammable liquids Flammable liquid and vapour.

· Flammable solids Void · Self-reactive substances and mixtures Void · Pyrophoric liquids Void · Pyrophoric solids Void · Self-heating substances and mixtures Void

· Substances and mixtures, which emit

flammable gases in contact with water Void Oxidising liquids Void · Oxidising solids Void · Organic peroxides Void · Corrosive to metals Void · Desensitised explosives Void

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

· 10.1 Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions. If used according to the regulation no decomposition occurs.

- 10.2 Chemical stability
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:

No decomposition if used according to specifications.

- · 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reactions known.
- · 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat, open flames and sparks

Electrostatic charges

· 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Bases Amines

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· 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- · 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
- · Acute toxicity
- · LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:

Oral LD50 3,310 mg/kg (rat) Inhalative LC50/4 h 40 mg/l (mouse)

· Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit Remarks: (IUCLID)

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

· Serious eye damage/irritation

Eyes - Rabbit Remarks: (IUCLID) Germ cell mutagenicity

Ames test

Salmonella typhimurium

Result: negative

Mutagenicity (mammal cell test): chromosome aberration.

Result: negative Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by (IARC) International Agency of Research of Carcinogens.

- · 11.2 Information on other hazards
- · Endocrine disrupting properties Substance is not listed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

- · 12.1 Toxicity
- · Aquatic toxicity:

Toxicity to fish

CL50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) - >300.8 mg/L - 96h

(OECD Test Guideline 203)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

EC5 - E. sulcatum - 78 mg/L - 72h

Remarks: neutral (maximum permisible toxic concentration)(Lit.)

EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 47 mg/L - 24h

Remarks: (Lit.) Toxicity to algae

IC5 - Scenedesmus quadricauda (Alga verde) - 4.000 mg/L - 16h

Remarks: (maximum permissible toxic concentration)(Lit.)

Toxicity to bacteria

EC5 - Pseudomonas putida - 2.850 mg/L - 16h

Remarks: neutral (maximum permissible toxic concentration)(Lit.) CE50 Microtox test - Photobacterium phosphoreum - 11mg/L - 15 min

Remarks: (IUCLID)

· 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Easily biodegradable

Easily eliminable from water.

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD): 880 mg/g

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Ratio BOD/ThBOD: 76 % (IUCLID)

- · 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- · 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- · 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

- · 12.7 Other adverse effects
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Water hazard class 1 (German Regulation) (Assessment by list): slightly hazardous for water Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

UN2789

- · Uncleaned packaging:
- · Recommendation: Dispose of packaging according to regulations on the disposal of packagings.
- · Recommended cleansing agents: Water, if necessary together with cleansing agents.

SECTION 14: Transport information

- · 14.1 UN number or ID number
- · ADR, IMDG, IATA
- · 14.2 UN proper shipping name
- · ADR
- · IMDG, IATA
- · 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
- · ADR





Class

· Label

8 Corrosive substances.

2789 ACETIC ACID. GLACIAL

ACETIC ACID, GLACIAL

8+3

· IMDG





· Class

8 Corrosive substances.

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8/3

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· Label

· IATA





Class
 8 Corrosive substances.

· Label 8 (3)

· 14.4 Packing group

· ADR, IMDG, IATA

14.5 Environmental hazards:

Marine pollutant:

14.6 Special precautions for user Warning: Corrosive substances.

Hazard identification number (Kemler code): 83
 EMS Number: F-E,S-C

Segregation groups (SGG1) AcidsStowage Category A

• Segregation Code SG36 Stow "separated from" SGG18-alkalis.

SG49 Stow "separated from" SGG6-cyanides

· 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to

IMO instruments Not applicable.

Transport/Additional information:

· ADR

Limited quantities (LQ)
 Transport category
 Tunnel restriction code

· UN "Model Regulation": UN 2789 ACETIC ACID, GLACIAL, 8 (3), II

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

- · 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · Directive 2012/18/EU
- · Named dangerous substances ANNEX I -
- Seveso category P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS
- · Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 5,000 t
- · Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 50,000 t
- · 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

- Department issuing SDS: product safety department
- · Contact: msds@scharlab.com
- Abbreviations and acronyms:

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

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IATA: International Air Transport Association
GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH)
PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH)
LC50: Lethal documentation, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids – Category 3 Skin Corr. 1A: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 1A

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Annex: Exposure scenario 1

- · 1 Short title of the exposure scenario Industrial use
- · Sector of Use

SU3 Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

- · Process category PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent
- · Environmental release category

ERC4 Use of non-reactive processing aid at industrial site (no inclusion into or onto article)

- Description of the activities / processes covered in the Exposure Scenario See section 1 of the annex to the Safety Data Sheet.
- · 2 Conditions of use
- · Duration and frequency 5 workdays/week.
- · Worker Regular use with exposure up to 8 hrs. per workday.
- Environment

Wastewater is to be treated by a municipal STP. Municipal STP discharge rate <2E3 m3/d.

· Physical parameters

The data on the physical - chemical properties in the Exposure Scenario is based on the properties of the preparation.

- · Physical state Fluid
- · Concentration of the substance in the mixture Raw material.
- · Used amount per time or activity 2 tons per year
- Other operational conditions
- · Other operational conditions affecting environmental exposure No special measures required.
- · Other operational conditions affecting worker exposure

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in closed rooms.

Do not breathe gas/fume/vapour/aerosol.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Gloves required during a shift

Avoid contact with eyes.

Avoid contact with the skin.

Other operational conditions affecting consumer exposure during the use of the product

The consumer has to be advised of the maximum permissible frequency and duration of use in the instructions for use.

The directions for use must indicate the limits for proper use.

- · Risk management measures
- · Worker protection
- Organisational protective measures

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by using a local exhaustion or general exhaust system. If these measures are insufficient to keep the solvent vapour concentration below the workplace limit, wear an adequate respiratory protective device.

Technical protective measures

Ensure that suitable extractors are available on processing machines

Provide explosion-proof electrical equipment.

Personal protective measures

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

Avoid contact with the skin.

Avoid contact with the eyes. Tightly sealed goggles

Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

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· Measures for consumer protection

Ensure adequate labelling.

Keep locked up and out of the reach of children.

· Environmental protection measures

Water

Generally, prior to the introduction of wastewater into wastewater treatment plants a neutralisation is required.

· Notes In case of unintended release of the product: See section 6 of the Safety Data Sheet.

· Disposal measures

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Ensure that waste is collected and contained.

· Disposal procedures

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

- · Waste type Partially emptied and uncleaned packaging
- · 3 Exposure estimation

· Worker (dermal)

The exposure estimation was carried out in accordance with ECETOC TRA.

Detailed information on the exposure estimation can be found at http://www.ecetoc.org/tra.

PROC 15: 0.034 (mg/kg/d)

· Worker (inhalation)

The exposure estimation was carried out in accordance with ECETOC TRA.

Detailed information on the exposure estimation can be found at http://www.ecetoc.org/tra.

PROC 15: 2.502 (mg/m3)

Environment

The estimation of environmental exposure was carried out in accordance with EUSES.

The maximum exposure to expect on freshwater (pelagic) 0.101 mg/L. RCR: 0.033

The maximum exposure to expect on freshwater (sediment) 0.374 mg/L. RCR: 0.033

The maximum exposure to expect on marine water (pelagic) 0.01 mg/L. RCR: 0.031

The maximum exposure to expect on marine water (sediment) 0.035 mg/L. RCR: 0.031

The maximum exposure to expect on effluent 0.126 mg/L. RCR: 0.001

The maximum exposure to expect on agricultural soil 0.005 mg/L. RCR: 0.01

Detailed information on the estimation of the environmental exposure can be found at http://ecb.jrc.ec.europa.eu/euses/.

· 4 - Guidance for downstream users

Whether the downstream user acts within the scope of the Exposure Scenario can be verified based on the information in sections 1 to 8.

Whether the downstream user uses the substance / the mixture within the scope of the Exposure Scenario can be determined by means of a technical assessment.

For the risk assessment, the tools recommended by ECHA can be used.

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Annex: Exposure scenario 2

- · 1 Short title of the exposure scenario Laboratory use
- · Sector of Use

SU22 Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

- · Process category PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent
- Environmental release category

ERC8a Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, indoor)

- Description of the activities / processes covered in the Exposure Scenario
 See section 1 of the annex to the Safety Data Sheet.
- · 2 Conditions of use
- · Duration and frequency 5 workdays/week.
- · Worker Regular use with exposure up to 8 hrs. per workday.
- · Physical parameters

The data on the physical - chemical properties in the Exposure Scenario is based on the properties of the preparation.

- · Physical state Fluid
- · Concentration of the substance in the mixture Raw material.
- · Used amount per time or activity 2 tons per year
- Other operational conditions
- · Other operational conditions affecting environmental exposure No special measures required.
- · Other operational conditions affecting worker exposure

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in closed rooms.

Do not breathe gas/fume/vapour/aerosol.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Gloves required during a shift

Avoid contact with eyes.

Avoid contact with the skin.

• Other operational conditions affecting consumer exposure during the use of the product

The consumer has to be advised of the maximum permissible frequency and duration of use in the

The consumer has to be advised of the maximum permissible frequency and duration of use in the instructions for use.

The directions for use must indicate the limits for proper use.

- · Risk management measures
- Worker protection
- · Organisational protective measures

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by using a local exhaustion or general exhaust system. If these measures are insufficient to keep the solvent vapour concentration below the workplace limit, wear an adequate respiratory protective device.

Technical protective measures

Ensure that suitable extractors are available on processing machines

Provide explosion-proof electrical equipment.

· Personal protective measures

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

Avoid contact with the skin.

Avoid contact with the eyes.

Tightly sealed goggles

Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

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· Measures for consumer protection

Ensure adequate labelling.

Keep locked up and out of the reach of children.

· Environmental protection measures

. Water

Generally, prior to the introduction of wastewater into wastewater treatment plants a neutralisation is required.

· Notes In case of unintended release of the product: See section 6 of the Safety Data Sheet.

· Disposal measures

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Ensure that waste is collected and contained.

· Disposal procedures

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

- · Waste type Partially emptied and uncleaned packaging
- · 3 Exposure estimation

· Worker (dermal)

The exposure estimation was carried out in accordance with ECETOC TRA.

Detailed information on the exposure estimation can be found at http://www.ecetoc.org/tra.

PROC 15: 0.034 (mg/kg/d)

· Worker (inhalation)

The exposure estimation was carried out in accordance with ECETOC TRA.

Detailed information on the exposure estimation can be found at http://www.ecetoc.org/tra.

PROC 15: 5.004 (mg/m3)

Environment

The estimation of environmental exposure was carried out in accordance with EUSES.

The maximum exposure to expect on freshwater (sediment) 0.333 mg/L. RCR: 0.029

The maximum exposure to expect on marine water (pelagic) 0.008 mg/L. RCR: 0.028

The maximum exposure to expect on marine water (sediment) 0.031 mg/L. RCR: 0.028

The maximum exposure to expect on freshwater (pelagic) 0.09 mg/L. RCR: 0.029

The maximum exposure to expect on effluent 0.017 mg/L. RCR: 0

The maximum exposure to expect on agricultural soil 0.004 mg/L. RCR: 0.01

Detailed information on the estimation of the environmental exposure can be found at http://ecb.jrc.ec.europa.eu/euses/.

· 4 - Guidance for downstream users

Whether the downstream user acts within the scope of the Exposure Scenario can be verified based on the information in sections 1 to 8.

Whether the downstream user uses the substance / the mixture within the scope of the Exposure Scenario can be determined by means of a technical assessment.

For the risk assessment, the tools recommended by ECHA can be used.