Revision: 26.01.2023



## Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31 Commission regulation (EU) 2020/878

Printing date 26.01.2023

Version number 6.0 (replaces version 5.0)

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- · 1.1 Product identifier
- · Trade name: Nitric Acid, min. 69%, for analysis, ExpertQ®, ACS, ISO, max. 0,0000005% Hg
- · Article number: AC1607
- · Registration number

A registration number is not available for this substance as the substance or its uses are exempted from registration, the annual tonnage does not require a registration or the registration is envisaged for a later registration deadline.

- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against No further relevant information available.
- · Application of the substance / the preparation: Laboratory reagent
- · 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- · Manufacturer/Supplier:

Scharlab, S.L.

C/Gato Pérez, 33. Pol.Ind. Mas d'en Cisa 08181 Sentmenat (Barcelona) SPAIN

Tel: (+34) 93 745 64 00 - FAX: (+34) 93 715 27 65

email: scharlab@scharlab.com Internet Web Site: www.scharlab.com

· Regional representation:

Scharlab, S.L.

C/Gato Pérez, 33. Pol.Ind. Mas d'en Cisa 08181 Sentmenat (Barcelona) SPAIN

Tel: (+34) 93 745 64 00 - FAX: (+34) 93 715 27 65

email: scharlab@scharlab.com Internet Web Site: www.scharlab.com

- · Further information obtainable from: technical department
- · 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

Toxicological Information National Institute of Toxicology and Forensic Sciences: + 34 91 562 04 20. The information will be provided (24h/365 days)

Please contact the regional Scharlab distributor/dealer in your country During normal opening times: Scharlab, S.L. (+34) 93 715 18 11

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



flame over circle

Ox. Liq. 3 H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser.



skull and crossbones

Acute Tox. 3 H331 Toxic if inhaled.



Met. Corr.1 H290 May be corrosive to metals.

Skin Corr. 1A H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

(Contd. on page 2)



## Safety data sheet

# according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31 Commission regulation (EU) 2020/878

Printing date 26.01.2023 Version number 6.0 (replaces version 5.0) Revision: 26.01.2023

Trade name: Nitric Acid, min. 69%, for analysis, ExpertQ®, ACS, ISO, max. 0,0000005% Hg

(Contd. of page 1)

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.

- · 2.2 Label elements
- · Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.

· Hazard pictograms







GHS03 GHS05 GHS06

- Signal word Danger
- · Hazard-determining components of labelling:

nitric acid

· Hazard statements

H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser.

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

· Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water [or shower].

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use CO2, powder or water spray to extinguish.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/

international regulations.

- · 2.3 Other hazards
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- *PBT:* Not applicable.*vPvB:* Not applicable.

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

· 3.2 Mixtures

· Description: Aqueous solution

Dangerous components:

CAS: 7697-37-2 nitric acid ≥50-<70%

Reg.nr.: 01-2119487297-23- Corr.1, H290; Skin Corr. 1A, H314, EUH071

XXXX Specific concentration limits: Ox. Liq. 2; H272: C ≥ 99%

Ox. Liq. 3; H272: 70 % ≤ C < 99 %

· Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

(Contd. on page 3)



Printing date 26.01.2023 Version number 6.0 (replaces version 5.0) Revision: 26.01.2023

Trade name: Nitric Acid, min. 69%, for analysis, ExpertQ®, ACS, ISO, max. 0,0000005% Hg

(Contd. of page 2)

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- · General information: Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.
- · After inhalation: In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.
- · After skin contact.

Immediate medical treatment necessary. Failure to treat burns can prevent wounds from healing. Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

· After eye contact:

Seek medical treatment.

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.

· After swallowing:

Rinse mouth and drink water (2 glasses) if the affected is conscious. Seek medical help immediately.

Drink plenty of water and provide fresh air. Call for a doctor immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed No further relevant information available.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

It is highly recommended that near jobs there emergency showers and eyewash.

If available, it is recommended after washing with water in skin burn apply a diluted solution of calcium bicarbonate to neutralize the acid.

For any contact, immediately remove contaminated clothing.

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

- · 5.1 Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents:

CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam. Do NOT use pressurized water.

- · For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Pressurized water jet
- · 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Move containers to an area that offers security, provided that this operation can be performed safely.

Promotes the formation of oxygen evolution fires.

There is a possible formation of toxic gases if heated or fire. hazardous decomposition products such as nitrogen oxides (NOx), nitrous gases.

- · 5.3 Advice for firefighters Should suppress gases / vapors / mists with water spray
- · Protective equipment:

In the work of extinction it is necessary to provide respiratory protection and full chemical protective clothing.

Protection of the skin, keep a safety distance and wear suitable protective clothing.

Stay in danger area only with artificial systems and independent breathing apparatus.

· Additional information

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage system.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
 Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

· 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Dilute with plenty of water.

(Contd. on page 4)



Printing date 26.01.2023 Version number 6.0 (replaces version 5.0) Revision: 26.01.2023

Trade name: Nitric Acid, min. 69%, for analysis, ExpertQ®, ACS, ISO, max. 0,0000005% Hg

(Contd. of page 3)

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

· 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).

Use neutralising agent.

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

· 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

· 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Prevent formation of aerosols.

- · Information about fire and explosion protection: No special measures required.
- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: No special requirements.
- · Information about storage in one common storage facility: Not required.
- Further information about storage conditions:

Keep container tightly sealed.

See product's label for recommended storage temperature.

· 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

- · 8.1 Control parameters
- · Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

Methods for measuring the atmosphere of the workplace must meet the requirements of DIN EN 482 and DIN EN 689.

#### 7697-37-2 nitric acid

WEL Short-term value: 2.6 mg/m³, 1 ppm

- · Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.
- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- · Appropriate engineering controls No further data; see item 7.
- · Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment
- · General protective and hygienic measures:

Local exhaust recommended to keep dust emissions or vapors below the lowest permissible exposure level. Regular checks of working environment.

Do not inhale gases / fumes / vapors / aerosols

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

· Respiratory protection:

Suitable respiratory protective device recommended.

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

(Contd. on page 5)



Printing date 26.01.2023 Version number 6.0 (replaces version 5.0) Revision: 26.01.2023

Trade name: Nitric Acid, min. 69%, for analysis, ExpertQ®, ACS, ISO, max. 0,0000005% Hg

(Contd. of page 4)

## Hand protection Acid resistant gloves



### Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

#### · Material of gloves

Natural rubber, NR

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

#### · Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

#### Eye/face protection

Face shield or chemical goggles, biker type or diver, tight fitting with plastic glasses or a face shield. It is generally known that contact lenses should not be used when working with chemicals because they can contribute to the severity of possible eye damage.



Tightly sealed goggles

#### · Body protection:

Acid resistant protective clothing

Use protective suit.

Protective clothing must have passed the relevant tests by the manufacturer. Clothing should be approved as a type 5 and / or 6.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

- · 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties
- · General Information

Physical state
Colour:
Odour:
Odour threshold:
Melting point/freezing point:

Fluid

Colourless
Pungent
Not determined.

Undetermined.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and

boiling range 83 °C

• Flammability Contact with combustible material may cause fire.

· Lower and upper explosion limit

Lower: Not determined.
Upper: Not determined.
Flash point: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature: Not determined.
pH

(Contd. on page 6)



## Safety data sheet

# according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31 Commission regulation (EU) 2020/878

Printing date 26.01.2023 Version number 6.0 (replaces version 5.0) Revision: 26.01.2023

Trade name: Nitric Acid, min. 69%, for analysis, ExpertQ®, ACS, ISO, max. 0,0000005% Hg

(Contd. of page 5)

· Viscosity:

Kinematic viscosity
 Dynamic at 20 °C:
 Not determined.
 0.746 mPas

· Solubility

· water: Fully miscible.

· Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log

value) Not determined.

· Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 23 hPa

· Density and/or relative density

Density at 20 °C:

 Relative density
 Vapour density

 1.3496 g/cm³

 Not determined.

 Not determined.
 Not determined.

• 9.2 Other information Oxidizing properties: May cause fire or explosion;

Very oxidizing. The substance or mixture is

classified as an oxidizer with category 1.

Corrosion: May be corrosive to metals.

· Appearance:

· Form:

Important information on protection of health and environment, and on safety.

Auto-ignition temperature: Product is not selfigniting.

Explosive properties: Product does not present an explosion hazard.

· Solvent content:

· Water: 30.5 %

· Change in condition

· Evaporation rate Not determined.

· Information with regard to physical hazard classes

 Explosives Void · Flammable gases Void · Aerosols Void · Oxidising gases Void · Gases under pressure Void · Flammable liquids Void Flammable solids Void Self-reactive substances and mixtures Void · Pyrophoric liquids Void · Pyrophoric solids Void · Self-heating substances and mixtures Void

· Substances and mixtures, which emit

flammable gases in contact with water

• Oxidising liquids

Void

May intensify fire; oxidiser.

• Oxidising solids • Organic peroxides Void

Corrosive to metals
 May be corrosive to metals.

Desensitised explosives
 Void

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

· 10.1 Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions. If used according to the regulation no decomposition occurs. It is a strong oxidant.

(Contd. on page 7)



Printing date 26.01.2023 Version number 6.0 (replaces version 5.0) Revision: 26.01.2023

Trade name: Nitric Acid, min. 69%, for analysis, ExpertQ®, ACS, ISO, max. 0,0000005% Hg

(Contd. of page 6)

- · 10.2 Chemical stability
- · Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: Avoid: Heat, flame, sparks.
- · 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts violently with bases and numerous organic materials, alcohols and amines. Reacts with various metals.

Risk of explosion with:

Acetone, acetonitrile, acetylides, Alcohols, anilines, antimony hydride, arsenic hydride, organic flammable, phosphides, benzene / benzene derivatives, Amines, alkenes, Halogenated hydrocarbon, ether, hydrazine and derivatives, Sulphides, Dioxane, Acetic acid, Anhydride (II) nitrate, hydrochloric acid, hydrochloric acid, glycerine, glycerine, gum, oils, chlorates, potassium permanganate, hydrocarbons, copper, lithium silicide, organic solvent, cyanides, powdered metals, methanol, ketones, organic nitro compounds, Reducing agents, sulfur dioxide, cyanuric complexes, Titanium, hydrogen peroxide / hydrogen peroxide, Staphylococcus, sugar, formaldehyde.

Danger of ignition or formation of combustible gases or vapors with:

Amines, Ammonia, Flammable Substances, Aldehydes, Anilines, Hydrogen Iodide, Potassium, Magnesium, Sodium, Hydrides, Iodides, Phosphorus, Pyridine, Hydrogen Sulfide, Terpentine Oils and / or their Substitutes.

Exothermic reaction with:

Nitriles, Formic Acid, Antimony, Arsenic, Selenium, Boron, Lithium, Non-metal halides, Strong solutions of alkali hydroxides, Halogen halides, Nitrides, Sodium hypochlorite, Iron oxide.

- · 10.4 Conditions to avoid Heat, open flames and sparks
- · 10.5 Incompatible materials: Cellulose and metals.
- · 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

The action of heat can give off toxic vapors (oxides of nitrogen NOx). Nitrous gases and hydrogen may form on contact with metals.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

- 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
- · Acute toxicity Toxic if inhaled.
- · Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- · Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye damage.
- · 11.2 Information on other hazards
- Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients is listed.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

- 12.1 Toxicity
- · Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available.
- 12.2 Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- · 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- · 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

(Contd. on page 8)



Printing date 26.01.2023

Version number 6.0 (replaces version 5.0)

Trade name: Nitric Acid, min. 69%, for analysis, ExpertQ®, ACS, ISO, max. 0,0000005% Hg

(Contd. of page 7)

Revision: 26.01.2023

- · 12.7 Other adverse effects
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Water hazard class 2 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): hazardous for water Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised. Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into the ground.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

- · Uncleaned packaging:
- · Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.
- · Recommended cleansing agents: Water, if necessary together with cleansing agents.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

- · 14.1 UN number or ID number
- · ADR, IMDG, IATA
- · 14.2 UN proper shipping name
- · ADR
- · IMDG, IATA
- · 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
- · ADR





· Class

· Label

· IMDG



Class

· Label

· IATA



· Class

· Label

· 14.4 Packing group

· ADR, IMDG, IATA

UN2031

2031 NITRIC ACID NITRIC ACID

8 Corrosive substances.

8+5.1

8 Corrosive substances.

8/5.1

8 Corrosive substances.

8 (5.1)

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(Contd. on page 9)



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# according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31 Commission regulation (EU) 2020/878

Printing date 26.01.2023 Version number 6.0 (replaces version 5.0) Revision: 26.01.2023

Trade name: Nitric Acid, min. 69%, for analysis, ExpertQ®, ACS, ISO, max. 0,0000005% Hg

(Contd. of page 8)

· 14.5 Environmental hazards:

· Marine pollutant:

• 14.6 Special precautions for user Warning: Corrosive substances.

· Hazard identification number (Kemler code): 80

• EMS Number: F-A,S-B• Segregation groups (SGG1) Acids

· Stowage Category D

Segregation Code
 SG6 Segregation as for class 5.1

SG16 Stow "separated from" class 4.1 SG17 Stow "separated from" class 5.1 SG19 Stow "separated from" class 7

· 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to

**IMO instruments** Not applicable.

· Transport/Additional information:

ADR

Limited quantities (LQ)
Transport category
Tunnel restriction code

· UN "Model Regulation": UN 2031 NITRIC ACID, 8 (5.1), II

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

- · 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · Directive 2012/18/EU
- · Named dangerous substances ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.
- · Seveso category

H2 ACUTE TOXIC

P8 OXIDISING LIQUIDS AND SOLIDS

- · Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 50 t
- · Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 200 t
- · 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· Relevant phrases

H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser.

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

- · Department issuing SDS: product safety department
- · Contact: msds@scharlab.com
- · Abbreviations and acronyms:

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

(Contd. on page 10)





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(Contd. of page 9)

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Ox. Liq. 2: Oxidizing liquids – Category 2 Ox. Liq. 3: Oxidizing liquids – Category 3 Met. Corr.1: Corrosive to metals – Category 1 Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3

Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3
Skin Corr. 1A: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1A
Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1