Revision: 02.06.2021



# Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 07.06.2021

Version number 2.0

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- · 1.1 Product identifier
- · Trade name: Aquagent® Coulometric A, anolyte for coulometric Karl Fischer titration
- · Article number: AQ0018
- Registration number

A registration number is not available for this substance as the substance or its uses are exempted from registration, the annual tonnage does not require a registration or the registration is envisaged for a later registration deadline.

- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
  No further relevant information available.
- · Application of the substance / the preparation: Laboratory reagent
- · 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- · Manufacturer/Supplier:

Scharlab, S.L.

C/Gato Pérez, 33. Pol.Ind. Mas d'en Cisa

08181 Sentmenat (Barcelona) SPAIN

Tel: (+34) 93 745 64 00 - FAX: (+34) 93 715 27 65

email: scharlab@scharlab.com

Internet Web Site: www.scharlab.com

· Regional representation:

Scharlab, S.L.

C/Gato Pérez, 33. Pol.Ind. Mas d'en Cisa 08181 Sentmenat (Barcelona) SPAIN

Tel: (+34) 93 745 64 00 - FAX: (+34) 93 715 27 65

email: scharlab@scharlab.com \ Internet Web Site: www.scharlab.com

- · Further information obtainable from: technical department
- · 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

Toxicological Information National Institute of Toxicology and Forensic Sciences: + 34 91 562 04 20. The information will be provided (24h/365 days)

Please contact the regional Scharlab distributor/dealer in your country

During normal opening times: Scharlab, S.L. (+34) 93 715 18 11

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- · Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



GHS02 flame

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.



GHS06 skull and crossbones

Acute Tox. 3 H331 Toxic if inhaled.



GHS08 health hazard

Carc. 2 H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Repr. 1B H360D May damage the unborn child.

STOT SE 1 H370 Causes damage to organs.

STOT RE 1 H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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Skin Corr. 1C H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.



Acute Tox. 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed.

#### · 2.2 Label elements

## · Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

· Hazard pictograms









GHS02 GHS05 GHS06 GHS08

## · Signal word Danger

### · Hazard-determining components of labelling:

methanol

imidazole

trichloromethane

iodine

## Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H360D May damage the unborn child.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### · Precautionary statements

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water [or shower].

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/

international regulations.

### · Additional information:

For use in industrial installations only.

### · 2.3 Other hazards

- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Not applicable.
- vPvB: Not applicable.

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25-50%

25-50%

1-5%

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

- · 3.2 Chemical characterisation: Mixtures
- · Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

· Dangerous components:

CAS: 67-56-1 EINECS: 200-659-6

Reg.nr.: 01-2119433307-44-

XXXX

CAS: 67-66-3 EINECS: 200-663-8

Reg.nr.: 01-2119486657-20-

XXXX

CAS: 288-32-4 EINECS: 206-019-2 Reg.nr.: 01-2119485825-24-

XXXX

CAS: 7553-56-2 EINECS: 231-442-4

Reg.nr.: 01-2119485285-30-

XXXX

methanol

♦ Flam. Liq. 2, H225; ♦ Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 3, H311; Acute Tox. 3, H331; ♦ STOT SE 1, H370

trichloromethane

H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319

midazole 10-25%

♦ Repr. 1B, H360D; ♦ Skin Corr. 1C, H314; ♦ Acute Tox. 4, H302

iodine

Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Acute Tox. 4, H312; Acute

Tox. 4, H332

· Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- · General information:

Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore medical observation for at least 48 hours after the accident.

Remove breathing equipment only after contaminated clothing have been completely removed. In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

· After inhalation:

Supply fresh air or oxygen; call for doctor.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

- After skin contact: Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.
- · After eye contact:

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.

· After swallowing:

Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately.

Drink plenty of water and provide fresh air. Call for a doctor immediately.

- 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed No further relevant information available.
- · 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

  No further relevant information available.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

- · 5.1 Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, sand, extinguishing powder. Do not use water.
- · For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet
- · 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No further relevant information available.

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- · 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment: Mouth respiratory protective device.
- · Additional information

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations. Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage system.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

• 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

- 6.2 Environmental precautions: Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.
- · 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust). Use neutralising agent.

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Do not flush with water or aqueous cleansing agents

· 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

· 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Open and handle receptacle with care.

Prevent formation of aerosols.

· Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Protect against electrostatic charges.

Keep respiratory protective device available.

- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- Storage:
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Store in a cool location.

It must be stored between 15 - 25 °C.

- · Information about storage in one common storage facility: Not required.
- · Further information about storage conditions:

Keep container tightly sealed.

Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed receptacles.

• 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

- · 8.1 Control parameters
- · Additional information about design of technical facilities: No further data; see item 7.
- · Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

#### 67-56-1 methanol

WEL Short-term value: 333 mg/m³, 250 ppm Long-term value: 266 mg/m³, 200 ppm

Sk

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#### 67-66-3 trichloromethane

WEL Long-term value: 9.9 mg/m³, 2 ppm

Sk

#### 7553-56-2 iodine

WEL Short-term value: 1.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 0.1 ppm

- · Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.
- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- · Personal protective equipment:
- General protective and hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Store protective clothing separately.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

### · Respiratory protection:

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

· Protection of hands:



Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

### · Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

#### Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

· Eye protection:



Tightly sealed goggles

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

- · 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties
- · General Information
- · Appearance:

Form:
Colour:
Odour:
Odour:
Odour threshold:
Fluid
Yellowish
Characteristic
Not determined.

· pH-value at 20 °C:

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· Change in condition

**Melting point/freezing point:** Undetermined.

Initial boiling point and boiling range: 62 °C

· Flash point:

· Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable.

· Ignition temperature: 455 °C

· Auto-ignition temperature: Product is not selfigniting.

• Explosive properties: Product is not explosive. However, formation of

explosive air/vapour mixtures are possible.

· Explosion limits:

 Lower:
 5.5 Vol %

 Upper:
 44 Vol %

 • Vapour pressure at 20 °C:
 210 hPa

Density: Not determined.
Relative density Not determined.
Vapour density Not determined.
Evaporation rate Not determined.

· Solubility in / Miscibility with

water: Not miscible or difficult to mix.

· Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not determined.

· Viscosity:

**Dynamic:** Not determined. **Kinematic:** Not determined.

· Solvent content:

Organic solvents: 43.9 %
Solids content: 18.6 %

• 9.2 Other information No further relevant information available.

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

- · 10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available.
- · 10.2 Chemical stability
- · Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:

No decomposition if used according to specifications.

- · 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reactions known.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- · 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: No dangerous decomposition products known.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

- · 11.1 Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.

Toxic if inhaled.

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· LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:

#### 67-56-1 methanol

Oral LD50 100 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal LD50 300 mg/kg (rabbit)

Inhalative LC50/4 h 3 mg/l (rat)

#### 67-66-3 trichloromethane

Oral LD50 908 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal LD50 3890 mg/kg (rabbit)

#### 288-32-4 imidazole

Oral LD50 880 mg/kg (mouse)

- · Primary irritant effect:
- · Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

· Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

- · Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Additional toxicological information:
- · CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)
- · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Carcinogenicity
- Suspected of causing cancer.
- · Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child.

· STOT-single exposure

Causes damage to organs.

· STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

· Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

- · 12.1 Toxicity
- · Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available.
- 12.2 Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- · 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Water hazard class 3 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): extremely hazardous for water Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system, even in small quantities.

Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised.

Danger to drinking water if even extremely small quantities leak into the ground.

- · 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- PBT: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- · 12.6 Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

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## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

UN3286

3286 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, CORROSIVE,

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, CORROSIVE,

N.O.S. (METHANOL, imidazole)

N.O.S. (METHANOL, imidazole)

- · Uncleaned packaging:
- · Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

- · 14.1 UN-Number
- · ADR, IMDG, IATA
- · 14.2 UN proper shipping name
- · ADR
- · IMDG, IATA
- · 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
- · ADR







· Class 3 Flammable liquids.

· Label 3+6.1+8

· IMDG







· Class 3 Flammable liquids.

· **Label** 3/6.1/8

· IATA







• Class 3 Flammable liquids. 4 (6.1, 8)

· 14.4 Packing group · ADR, IMDG, IATA

• 14.5 Environmental hazards: Not applicable.

• 14.6 Special precautions for user Warning: Flammable liquids.

Hazard identification number (Kemler code): 368
 EMS Number: F-E.S

EMS Number: F-E,S-C
Segregation groups Alkalis
Stowage Category B

• Stowage Code SW2 Clear of living quarters.

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Segregation Code

SG5 Segregation as for class 3 SG8 Stow "away from" class 4.1

· 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II

of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

· Transport/Additional information:

· Limited quantities (LQ) 1L · Transport category 2 · Tunnel restriction code D/E

· UN "Model Regulation": UN 3286 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC,

CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (METHANOL, IMIDAZOLE),

3 (6.1+8), II

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

- · 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · Directive 2012/18/EU
- · Named dangerous substances ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.
- Seveso category

H2 ACUTE TOXIC

P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 50 t
- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 200 t
- REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 ANNEX XVII Conditions of restriction: 3, 30, 32, 69
- Regulation (EU) No 649/2012

67-66-3 trichloromethane: Annex I Part 1

DIRECTIVE 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment - Annex II

None of the ingredients is listed.

· 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

#### Relevant phrases

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
- H301 Toxic if swallowed.
- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- Toxic in contact with skin. H311
- H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H331 Toxic if inhaled.
- H332 H351 Harmful if inhaled.
- Suspected of causing cancer.
- H360D May damage the unborn child.
- H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- H370 Causes damage to organs.
- H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

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· Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The classification of the mixture is generally based on the calculation method using substance data according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

- · Department issuing SDS: product safety department
- · Contact: msds@scharlab.com
- Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning

the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids - Category 2

Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3 Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4

Skin Corr. 1C: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 1C

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2 Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 2

Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity - Category 2

Repr. 1B: Reproductive toxicity – Category 1B
Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2
STOT SE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 1

STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) - Category 1 Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute aquatic hazard - Category 1

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The wise choice



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## **Annex: Exposure scenario 1**

- · 1 Short title of the exposure scenario Industrial use
- · Sector of Use

SU3 Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

- · Process category PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent
- · Environmental release category

ERC4 Use of non-reactive processing aid at industrial site (no inclusion into or onto article)

Description of the activities / processes covered in the Exposure Scenario
 See section 1 of the annex to the Safety Data Sheet.

- · 2 Conditions of use
- · Duration and frequency

4 hrs (half working shift).

Emission days (days/year): 240

- · Physical parameters
- · Physical state Fluid
- · Concentration of the substance in the mixture Raw material.
- · Other operational conditions
- · Other operational conditions affecting environmental exposure No special measures required.
- · Other operational conditions affecting worker exposure

Avoid contact with the skin.

Do not breathe gas/vapour/aerosol.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

· Risk management measures

Use in a ventilated with filtered air pressurized cabin. Effectiveness 90%

- Worker protection
- · Organisational protective measures

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by using a local exhaustion or general exhaust system. If these measures are insufficient to keep the solvent vapour concentration below the workplace limit, wear an adequate respiratory protective device.

· Technical protective measures

Provide explosion-proof electrical equipment.

Ensure that suitable extractors are available on processing machines

· Personal protective measures

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

Avoid contact with the skin.

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

Detailed measures on hand protection according to Safety Data Sheet, section 8.

- · **Measures for consumer protection** Ensure adequate labelling.
- Environmental protection measures
- · Air No special measures required.
- · Water No special measures required.
- · Soil No special measures required.
- · Notes In case of unintended release of the product: See section 6 of the Safety Data Sheet.
- Disposal measures

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Ensure that waste is collected and contained.

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### · Disposal procedures

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

· Waste type Partially emptied and uncleaned packaging

### · 3 - Exposure estimation

To estimate exposures in the workplace has been used ECETOC TRA tool unless otherwise indicated.

#### · Worker (oral)

The calculated value is smaller than the DNEL.

Detailed information on the exposure estimation can be found at http://www.ecetoc.org/tra.

### · Worker (dermal)

PROC 15: 0.34 (mg/kg/d)

Detailed information on the exposure estimation can be found at http://www.ecetoc.org/tra.

#### · Worker (inhalation)

PROC 15: 6.67 (mg/m3)

Detailed information on the exposure estimation can be found at http://www.ecetoc.org/tra.

#### Environment

Detailed information on the estimation of the environmental exposure can be found at http://ecb.jrc.ec.europa.eu/euses/.

## · 4 - Guidance for downstream users

Whether the downstream user acts within the scope of the Exposure Scenario can be verified based on the information in sections 1 to 8.

Whether the downstream user uses the substance / the mixture within the scope of the Exposure Scenario can be determined by means of a technical assessment.

For the risk assessment, the tools recommended by ECHA can be used.

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## **Annex: Exposure scenario 2**

- · 1 Short title of the exposure scenario Laboratory use
- · Sector of Use

SU22 Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

- · Process category PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent
- · Environmental release category

ERC8a Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, indoor)

Description of the activities / processes covered in the Exposure Scenario
 See section 1 of the annex to the Safety Data Sheet.

- · 2 Conditions of use
- · Duration and frequency

4 hrs (half working shift).

Emission days (days/year): 240

- · Physical parameters
- · Physical state Fluid
- · Concentration of the substance in the mixture Raw material.
- Other operational conditions
- · Other operational conditions affecting environmental exposure No special measures required.
- Other operational conditions affecting worker exposure

Avoid contact with the skin.

Do not breathe gas/vapour/aerosol.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

· Risk management measures

Use in a ventilated with filtered air pressurized cabin. Effectiveness 80%

- · Worker protection
- · Organisational protective measures

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by using a local exhaustion or general exhaust system. If these measures are insufficient to keep the solvent vapour concentration below the workplace limit, wear an adequate respiratory protective device.

· Technical protective measures

Provide explosion-proof electrical equipment.

Ensure that suitable extractors are available on processing machines

· Personal protective measures

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

Avoid contact with the skin.

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

Detailed measures on hand protection according to Safety Data Sheet, section 8.

- Measures for consumer protection Ensure adequate labelling.
- · Environmental protection measures
- · Air No special measures required.
- · Water No special measures required.
- · Soil No special measures required.
- · Notes In case of unintended release of the product: See section 6 of the Safety Data Sheet.
- · Disposal measures

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

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Ensure that waste is collected and contained.

#### · Disposal procedures

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

· Waste type Partially emptied and uncleaned packaging

### · 3 - Exposure estimation

To estimate exposures in the workplace has been used ECETOC TRA tool unless otherwise indicated.

#### · Worker (oral)

The calculated value is smaller than the DNEL.

Detailed information on the exposure estimation can be found at http://www.ecetoc.org/tra.

### · Worker (dermal)

PROC 15: 0.34 (mg/kg/d)

Detailed information on the exposure estimation can be found at http://www.ecetoc.org/tra.

#### · Worker (inhalation)

PROC 15: 6.67 (mg/m3)

Detailed information on the exposure estimation can be found at http://www.ecetoc.org/tra.

#### Environment

Detailed information on the estimation of the environmental exposure can be found at http://ecb.jrc.ec.europa.eu/euses/.

## · 4 - Guidance for downstream users

Whether the downstream user acts within the scope of the Exposure Scenario can be verified based on the information in sections 1 to 8.

Whether the downstream user uses the substance / the mixture within the scope of the Exposure Scenario can be determined by means of a technical assessment.

For the risk assessment, the tools recommended by ECHA can be used.