Scharlau

Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31 Commission regulation (EU) 2020/878

Printing date 18.05.2023

Version number 4.0 (replaces version 3.0)

Revision: 18.05.2023

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

- · 1.1 Product identifier
- · Trade name: Potassium hydroxide, 90%, flakes, EssentQ®
- · Article number: PO0263
- · CAS Number:
- 1310-58-3 • *EC number:* 215-181-3
- Index number: 019-002-00-8
- **1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against** No further relevant information available.
- · Application of the substance / the preparation: Laboratory reagent
- · 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

• *Manufacturer/Supplier:* Scharlab, S.L.

C/Gato Pérez, 33. Pol.Ind. Mas d'en Cisa 08181 Sentmenat (Barcelona) SPAIN Tel: (+34) 93 745 64 00 - FAX: (+34) 93 715 27 65 email: scharlab@scharlab.com Internet Web Site: www.scharlab.com

Regional representation: Scharlab, S.L. C/Gato Pérez, 33. Pol.Ind. Mas d'en Cisa 08181 Sentmenat (Barcelona) SPAIN Tel: (+34) 93 745 64 00 - FAX: (+34) 93 715 27 65 email: scharlab@scharlab.com Internet Web Site: www.scharlab.com

- Further information obtainable from: Technical Department
- **1.4 Emergency telephone number:** Please contact the regional Scharlab distributor/dealer in your country During normal opening times: Scharlab, S.L. (+34) 93 715 18 11

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
 Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



Skin Corr. 1A H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.



Acute Tox. 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed.

- · 2.2 Label elements
- · Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
- The substance is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.

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· After swallowing:

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Call for a doctor immediately.

Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.

- **4.2** Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed The main symptoms are described for the different cases of contact: skin, eyes, inhalation and ingestion.
- **4.3** Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

· 5.1 Extinguishing media

· Suitable extinguishing agents:

CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

- Use fire extinguishing methods suitable to surrounding conditions.
- 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture During heating or in case of fire poisonous gases are produced.
- · 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment:

Respiratory protection and full chemical protective clothing must be provided for extinguishing work. Cool exposed containers by water spray or water mist.

Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion gases.

· Additional information

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage system. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Use respiratory protective device against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol. Ensure adequate ventilation Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.
 6.2 Environmental precautions: Do not allow to penetrate the ground/soil. Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.
- 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Send for recovery or disposal in suitable receptacles. Use neutralising agent.
 Dispose contaminated material as waste according to section 13. Ensure adequate ventilation.
- 6.4 Reference to other sections
- See Section 7 for information on safe handling. See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.
- See Section 13 for disposal information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

- 7.1 Precautions for safe handling
- Provide suction extractors if dust is formed. Store in cool, dry place in tightly closed receptacles. Keep receptacles tightly sealed.

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Thorough dedusting. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after handling.

- · Information about fire and explosion protection: No special measures required.
- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- *Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:* Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place. Store only in unopened original receptacles.
- · Information about storage in one common storage facility: Store away from foodstuffs.
- Further information about storage conditions: Protect from humidity and water. Keep container tightly sealed.
- See product label for storage temperature.
- 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- · 8.1 Control parameters
- Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

1310-58-3 potassium hydroxide

WEL Short-term value: 2 mg/m³

DNELs

- DNEL consumer, acute. Local effects: Inhalative 1 mg/m3 DNEL consumer, prolonged. Local effects: Inhalative - 1 mg/m3
- DNEL worker, acute. Local effects: Inhalative 1 mg/m3
- DNEL worker, cronic. Local effects: Inhalative 1 mg/m3
- · Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.
- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- · Appropriate engineering controls No further data; see section 7.
- · Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment
- General protective and hygienic measures: Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.
- · Respiratory protection: Not required.
- · Hand protection



Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

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· Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

Eye/face protection



Tightly sealed goggles

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

· 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties General Information Physical state Solid Colour: White · Odour: Odourless Odour threshold: 406 °C Melting point/freezing point: Boiling point or initial boiling point and 1,327 °C boiling range Flammability Lower and upper explosion limit Lower: Upper: Flash point: Decomposition temperature: pН 13.5 Viscosity: Kinematic viscosity · Dynamic: Solubility water at 20 °C: 1120 g/l Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 0 hPa Density and/or relative density Density at 20 °C: 2.04 g/cm3 · Relative density · Vapour density · 9.2 Other information Appearance: Solid · Form: Important information on protection of health and environment, and on safety. · Ignition temperature: · Explosive properties: · Molecular weight 56.1 g/mol · Change in condition

- · Evaporation rate
- Information with regard to physical hazard classes
- · Explosives
- · Flammable gases

Not determined.

Product is not flammable.

Not determined. Not determined. Not applicable. Not determined.

Not applicable. Not applicable.

Not determined.

Not determined. Not applicable.

Not determined. Product does not present an explosion hazard.

Not applicable.

Void Void

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· Aerosols	Void		
· Oxidising gases	Void		
· Gases under pressure	Void		
· Flammable liquids	Void		Y
Flammable solids	Void		
Self-reactive substances and mixtures	Void		
Pyrophoric liquids	Void		
Pyrophoric solids	Void		
 Self-heating substances and mixtures 	Void		
 Substances and mixtures, which emit 			
flammable gases in contact with water	Void		
Oxidising liquids	Void		
• Oxidising solids	Void		
Organic peroxides	Void		
Corrosive to metals	Void		
Desensitised explosives	Void		

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- 10.1 Reactivity Stable under normal conditions. No decomposition if used according to regulations.
 10.2 Chemical stability
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications. Stable at environment temperature.
- **10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** Heating occurs when water is added. Reacts with strong acids and oxidising agents. Reacts with water and acids.

If a reaction with strong reducing agents such as metal hydrides or alkali metals occurs, hydrogen gas is generated, which creates a risk of explosion.

- 10.4 Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Organic materials Aluminium Zinc Potassium Copper, tin.

Ether

 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon oxides

In case of fire: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- · 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
- · Acute toxicity Harmful if swallowed.
- · LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:
- Oral LD50 333 mg/kg (rat) • Skin corrosion/irritation
- Fur Rabbit
- Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- · Serious eye damage/irritation Eyes Rabbit

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- Respiratory or skin sensitisation
 Sensitisation test Guinea pig
 Result: negative
- Germ cell mutagenicity
 Ames test
 Salmonella typhimurium
 Result: negative
- In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation assay
- Mouse lymphoma test
- Result: negative
- Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product is identified as a probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% by the International Agency for Research on Carcinogens (IARC).

• **STOT-single exposure** Acute oral toxicity - If swallowed, severe burns to mouth and neck, plus danger of perforation of oesophagus and stomach.

Acute inhalation toxicity: mucous membrane burns, coughing, shortness of breath and possible respiratory tract damage.

- · 11.2 Information on other hazards
- · Endocrine disrupting properties Substance is not listed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

- · 12.1 Toxicity
- · Aquatic toxicity:
- Toxicity to fish

LC50 - Gambusia affinis (Mosquito fish) - 80 mg/l - 96 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Methods for the determination of biological degradability are not applicable for inorganic substances.

- · 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- · 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties
- The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.
- 12.7 Other adverse effects
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Water hazard class 1 (German Regulation) (Assessment by list): slightly hazardous for water Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised.

Rinse off of bigger amounts into drains or the aquatic environment may lead to increased pHvalues. A high pH-value harms aquatic organisms. In the dilution of the use-level the pH-value is considerably reduced, so that after the use of the product the aqueous waste, emptied into drains, is only low water-dangerous.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

· 13.1 Waste treatment methods

· Recommendation

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

- · Uncleaned packaging:
- Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.
- · Recommended cleansing agents: Water, if necessary together with cleansing agents.

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	UN "Model Regulation":	UN 1813 POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE, SOLID, 8	
	SECTION 15: Regulatory information		

- 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- Directive 2012/18/EU
- Named dangerous substances ANNEX I -

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• 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

- · Department issuing SDS: Product Safety Department
- · Contact: msds@scharlab.com
- Abbreviations and acronyms: RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail) ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air Transport Association GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH) LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity - Category 4 Skin Corr. 1A: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 1A

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Annex: Exposure scenario 1

- · 1 Short title of the exposure scenario Industrial use
- Sector of Use
- SU3 Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
- Process category

Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or PROC1 processes with equivalent containment conditions.

PROC2 Chemical production or refinery in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions

PROC3 Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition

- PROC4 Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises
- PROC5 Mixing or blending in batch processes
- PROC7 Industrial spraving
- PROC8a Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities
- PROC8b Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities
- PROC9 Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)
- PROC10 Roller application or brushing
- PROC13 Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring
- PROC14 Tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation, granulation
- PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent
- PROC19 Manual activities involving hand contact
- PROC23 Open processing and transfer operations at substantially elevated temperature
- PROC24 High (mechanical) energy work-up of substances bound in /on materials and/or articles
- PROC26 Handling of solid inorganic substances at ambient temperature
- · Environmental release category
- ERC2 Formulation into mixture ERC4 Use of non-reactive processing aid at industrial site (no inclusion into or onto article)
- ERC5 Use at industrial site leading to inclusion into/onto article
- ERC6a Use of intermediate

ERC6b Use of reactive processing aid at industrial site (no inclusion into or onto article)

- ERC7 Use of functional fluid at industrial site
- Description of the activities / processes covered in the Exposure Scenario See section 1 of the annex to the Safety Data Sheet.
- 2 Conditions of use
- Duration and frequency Days of issuance (days/year): 200
- Worker
- Days of issuance (days/year): 200

Regular use with exposure up to 8 hrs. per workday.

- Environment
- Wastewater must be treated by a municipal STP. Municipal STP discharge rate <2E3 m3/d.
- Physical parameters The substance is rapidly hydrolysed
- Physical state
- Solid

Fluid

- Concentration of the substance in the mixture Raw material.
- Covers a percentage of substance in the product up to 100 %.
- Other operational conditions
- Other operational conditions affecting worker exposure Indoor application.
- Keep container dry.

Avoid contact with eyes.

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Avoid contact with the skin.

• Other operational conditions affecting consumer exposure during the use of the product Not applicable.

· Risk management measures

The objective is to prevent the passage of NaOH solutions into municipal wastewater or surface water. If such discharges are expected to cause significant pH changes, regular pH monitoring is required during introduction to open water. In general, discharges shall be made in such a way as to minimise pH variations at the surface of the receiving waters.

Most aquatic organisms can tolerate pH values of 6 to 9. This is also reflected in the description of standard OECD tests with aquatic organisms.

Worker protection

Organisational protective measures

Clean up spills immediately.

The employer must also check that the required personal protective equipment is available and used as instructed.

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by using a local exhaustion or general exhaust system. If these measures are insufficient to keep the solvent vapour concentration below the workplace limit, wear an adequate respiratory protective device.

Keep good industrial hygiene.

Make sure that the workplace is well-lit and organised.

Ensure that operators are trained to minimise exposure.

Clean equipment and workplace on a daily basis.

Handle the substance within a closed system.

The automatic process must be supervised by specialists or authorised personnel.

Workers in the identified processes/risk areas must be trained to:

- a) Avoid working without respiratory protection
- (b) Understand the corrosive properties of the substance being worked with

(c) Observe the safest procedures, as specified by the employer

Technical protective measures

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Replace, if possible, manual processes with automatic and/or closed processes. This would avoid irritating mists, sprays and splashes.

Only handle and refill product in closed systems.

Put lid on container immediately after use.

The use of tongs, claws with long handles for manual use to avoid direct contact and splash exposure.

Ensure good interior ventilation, especially at floor level. (Fumes are heavier than air).

Personal protective measures

Respiratory protection: In case of dust or aerosol formation (e.g. when spraying) wear respiratory protection with approved filter (P2).

Rubber or plastic boots.

Tightly sealed goggles

Protective work clothing

Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

Measures for consumer protection Ensure adequate labelling.

Keep locked up and out of the reach of children.

Environmental protection measures

The environmental risk assessment is only applicable for the aquatic environment, where applicable, including waste water treatment plants (WWTP)/waste water treatment plants (WWTP), (Contd. on page 12)

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- as NaOH emissions in the different life cycle stages (production and use) apply mainly to water (waste).
- Air No significant emissions to air are expected due to the very low vapour pressure of NaOH.
 Water
- The high solubility in water and the very low vapour pressure indicate that NaOH is predominantly found in water. The exposure assessment for the aquatic environment will only address possible pH changes in PTS effluent and surface water related to locally released OH-.

Generally, prior to the introduction of wastewater into wastewater treatment plants a neutralisation is required.

- · Soil No significant emissions to the terrestrial environment are expected.
- **Disposal measures** Disposal must be made according to official regulations.
- Disposal procedures Chemical treatment of contaminated water.
- · Waste type
- Partially emptied and uncleaned packaging Aqueous solution
- · 3 Exposure estimation
- · Worker (oral) No significant oral exposure
- · Worker (dermal) No significant dermal exposure
- · Worker (inhalation)
- PROC: 1. 8 hours average 0.019 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: <0.001 PROC: 2. 8 hours average 9.6 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.01 PROC: 3. 8 hours average 19 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.02 PROC: 4. 8 hours average 38 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.04 PROC: 5. 8 hours average 96 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.101 PROC: 7. 8 hours average 96 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.151 PROC: 8a. 8 hours average 96 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.101 PROC: 8b. 8 hours average 96 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.101 PROC: 8b. 8 hours average 96 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.05 PROC: 10. 8 hours average 96 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.101 PROC: 13. 8 hours average 96 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.101 PROC: 15. 8 hours average 96 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.101 PROC: 13. 8 hours average 96 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.101 PROC: 15. 8 hours average 96 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.101
- Environment
- Soil: No exposure
- Humans via environment: No exposure
- · Consumer Not relevant for this Exposure Scenario.

4 - Guidance for downstream users

Environment and Health: ECETOC TRA model used. If other measures are taken to manage risk/ operating conditions, then users should ensure that these risks are at least at equivalent levels.

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Scharlau

Version number 4.0 (replaces version 3.0)

Revision: 18.05.2023

Trade name: Potassium hydroxide, 90%, flakes, EssentQ®

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Annex: Exposure scenario 2

- · 1 Short title of the exposure scenario Laboratory use
- Sector of Use

SU22 Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

Process category

PROC1 Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions.

PROC2 Chemical production or refinery in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions

PROC3 Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition

PROC4 Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC5 Mixing or blending in batch processes

PROC8a Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities

PROC8b Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities

PROC9 Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

- PROC10 Roller application or brushing
- PROC11 Non industrial spraying
- PROC13 Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring
- PROC14 Tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation, granulation
- PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent
- PROC19 Manual activities involving hand contact

PROC23 Open processing and transfer operations at substantially elevated temperature

PROC24 High (mechanical) energy work-up of substances bound in /on materials and/or articles

PROC26 Handling of solid inorganic substances at ambient temperature

· Environmental release category

- ERC8a Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, indoor)
- ERC8b Widespread use of reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, indoor)
- ERC8c Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (indoor)

ERC8d Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, outdoor)

- ERC8e Widespread use of reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, outdoor)
- ERC8f Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (outdoor)

Description of the activities / processes covered in the Exposure Scenario

- See section 1 of the annex to the Safety Data Sheet.
- · 2 Conditions of use
- Duration and frequency Days of issuance (days/year): 200
- Worker

Days of issuance (days/year): 200

Regular use with exposure up to 8 hrs. per workday.

- Environment

Wastewater must be treated by a municipal STP. Municipal STP discharge rate <2E3 m3/d.

- · Physical parameters
- · Physical state

Solid

Fluid

• Concentration of the substance in the mixture Raw material.

Covers a percentage of substance in the product up to 100 %.

- · Used amount per time or activity Smaller than 0.6 kg per application.
- · Other operational conditions
- Other operational conditions affecting worker exposure Indoor application.

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Keep container dry. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid contact with the skin.

- Other operational conditions affecting consumer exposure during the use of the product Not applicable.
- · Risk management measures

The objective is to prevent the passage of NaOH solutions into municipal wastewater or surface water. If such discharges are expected to cause significant pH changes, regular pH monitoring is required during introduction to open water. In general, discharges shall be made in such a way as to minimise pH variations at the surface of the receiving waters.

Most aquatic organisms can tolerate pH values of 6 to 9. This is also reflected in the description of standard OECD tests with aquatic organisms.

Worker protection

Organisational protective measures

Clean up spills immediately.

The employer must also check that the required personal protective equipment is available and used as instructed.

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by using a local exhaustion or general exhaust system. If these measures are insufficient to keep the solvent vapour concentration below the workplace limit, wear an adequate respiratory protective device.

Keep good industrial hygiene.

Make sure that the workplace is well-lit and organised.

Ensure that operators are trained to minimise exposure.

Clean equipment and workplace on a daily basis.

Handle the substance within a closed system.

The automatic process must be supervised by specialists or authorised personnel.

Workers in the identified processes/risk areas must be trained to:

a) Avoid working without respiratory protection

(b) Understand the corrosive properties of the substance being worked with

(c) Observe the safest procedures, as specified by the employer

Technical protective measures

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Replace, if possible, manual processes with automatic and/or closed processes. This would avoid irritating mists, sprays and splashes.

Only handle and refill product in closed systems.

Put lid on container immediately after use.

The use of tongs, claws with long handles for manual use to avoid direct contact and splash exposure.

Personal protective measures

Respiratory protection: In case of dust or aerosol formation (e.g. when spraying) wear respiratory protection with approved filter (P2).

Rubber or plastic boots.

Tightly sealed goggles

Face protection

Protective work clothing

Wear suitable protective gloves tested in accordance with EN374.

Measures for consumer protection

Ensure adequate labelling.

Keep locked up and out of the reach of children.

· Environmental protection measures

· Air No significant emissions to air are expected due to the very low vapour pressure of NaOH.

· Water

The high solubility in water and the very low vapour pressure indicate that NaOH is predominantly found in water. The exposure assessment for the aquatic environment will only address possible pH changes in PTS effluent and surface water related to locally released OH-.

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Generally, prior to the introduction of wastewater into wastewater treatment plants a neutralisation is required.

- Soil No significant emissions to the terrestrial environment are expected.
- · Disposal measures Disposal must be made according to official regulations.
- · Disposal procedures Chemical treatment of contaminated water.
- · Waste type
- Partially emptied and uncleaned packaging
- Aqueous solution • **3 - Exposure estimation**
- Worker (oral) No significant oral exposure
- Worker (dermal) No significant dermal exposure
- Worker (inholation)
- Worker (inhalation)
- PROC: 1. 8 hours average 0.019 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: <0.001
- PROC: 2. 8 hours average 9.6 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.01
- PROC: 3. 8 hours average 19 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.02
- PROC: 4. 8 hours average 38 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.04
- PROC: 5. 8 hours average 96 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.101
- PROC: 7.8 hours average 140 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.151
- PROC: 8a. 8 hours average 96 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.101
- PROC: 8b. 8 hours average 48 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.05
- PROC: 10. 8 hours average 96 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.101 PROC: 13. 8 hours average 96 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.101
- PROC: 15. 8 hours average 19 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.10
- · Environment

Soil: No exposure

Humans via environment: No exposure

- · Consumer Not relevant for this Exposure Scenario.
- · 4 Guidance for downstream users

Environment and Health: ECETOC TRA model used. If other measures are taken to manage risk/ operating conditions, then users should ensure that these risks are at least at equivalent levels.